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WILSON'S GARDEN GUIDE

= 1952 s

Better Seeds for Better Gardens

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WILSON'S SEEDS

284-286 Bloomfield Ave. MONTCLAIR, N. J.

OPPOSITE LACKAWANNA STATION PHONE MONTCLAIR 2-2433

JEB 2500 2-52

WILSON'S GLORIOUS GLADIOLUS

ALL FIRST SIZE BULBS - (ORDER EARLY)

All Same Price - \$1.10 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100

CULTURE — Any good garden soil, thoroughly prepared and manured, is suitable. Bone Meal in fall or cow manure (Bovung) in spring are particularly good. If the soil is stiff, add sand or sifted ashes.

Gladioli do best in full sun. Plant in rows, 6 inches apart in the row and 6 inches deep, rows 12 inches apart. Continue to plant every 2 weeks till July for a succession. Frequent cultivation is advisable. Water copiously. Take up bulbs in fall before ground begins to freeze and put in a warm, sunny place, for a few days, to dry. Cut off stems close to bulb. Put bulbs (corms) in boxes not over 4 inches deep and keep in a dry cool place till spring.

Cut spikes as soon as the first one or two flowers are open. The remainder will open in the house.

20 LARGE-FLOWERING SORTS

ALCHEMIST. Excellent clear Yellow.

BAGDAD. Smoky Old Rose.

BEACON. Clear Rose, scarlet cream blotch.

BERTY SNOW. Lovely Lavender with pink cast.

BLACK OPAL, Dark Black Red.

BLUE BEAUTY. Best light Blue.

EXCELLENCE. Scarlet Red, tall straight spikes.

EARLY ORANGE. Pure Bright Orange.

ELIZABETH THE QUEEN. Ruffled Lavender.

GENERAL EISENHOWER. Large Lavender Pink.

GOLDEN GATE. Richest Golden Yellow.

KING LEAR. Rich Purple.

LULU A. HUNT. Rich Geranium Pink.

MARGARET BEATON. White with Red eye.

MARGARET FULTON. Lovely deep Salmon.

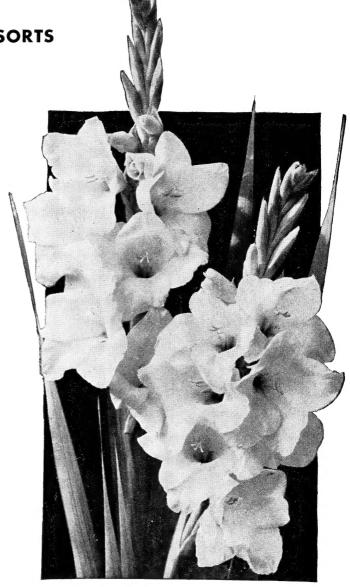
PELEGRINA. Deep Purple. Outstanding.

PICARDY. Apricot Pink, immense spikes.

RED CHARM. Brilliant Red.

ROSE DELIGHT. Ruffled Rose Pink.

SNOW PRINCESS. Very large White.



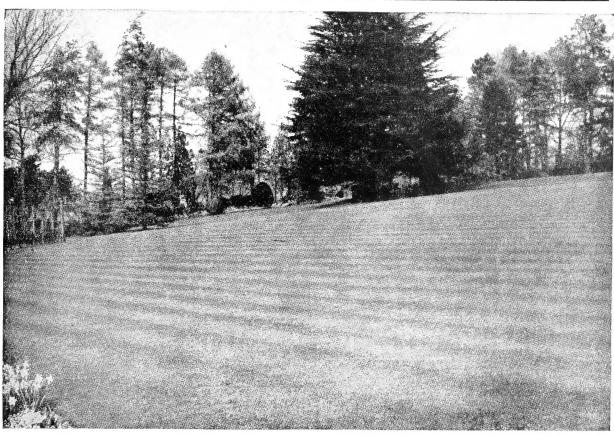
WILSON'S GLORIOUS GLADIOLUS MIXTURE or WILSON'S MINIATURE MIX Nothing Better— Order Early — 85 cts. per dozen; \$6.50 per 100

Tuberous Rooted Begonias

Most decorative as pot-plants, blooming for many weeks during spring and early summer Planted outdoors after all danger of cold weather is past, a continuous display of flowers will be had until late fall. Dig tubers before frost. Not hardy. Do wonderfully well in the shade.



WILSON'S EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURES



A beautiful lawn enhances the beauty of the entire landscape; increases property values.

WILSON'S EVERGREEN LAWN SEED For more than 30 years Wilson's Evergreen Lawn Seed has been the choice of people who demand finer lawns. Based on years of extensive study and experimentation, Wilson's Evergreen is an exclusive Wilson formula. It is composed of fine, recleaned perennial grasses, to which have been added sufficient annual grasses to crowd out weeds, establish a quick stand of lawn, and protect the finer grasses until they are firmly established.

A Single Pound of Wilson's Evergreen 1s Enough for 200 Square Feet

WILSON'S SHADY-SPOT EVERGREEN

An excellent mixture for shaded or partly shaded areas, Wilson's Shady-Spot Evergreen is composed of fine, dwarf-growing grasses, which in their wild or natural state have been found to thrive in shaded areas. Ground that has been densely shaded by trees or buildings is often sour. These conditions are usually indicated by the growth of moss and coarse grasses. To correct excessive acidity, apply a liberal amount of Lime after removing the moss and coarse grasses. An application of Wilson's Lawn Enricher will replenish the soil. Sow Wilson's Shady Spot one pound to 100 square feet.

Quantity 1 lb Prices \$1.25

5 Ib \$6.00

10 lb \$11.50

WILSON'S TERRACE

LAWN SEED

25 lb \$27.00

Many of the fine terraces you have admired in your neighborhood have been made from Wilson's Terrace Lawn Seed Mixture. The grasses used in this unusually fine formula produce long, spreading roots that withstand the wash of heavy rains, thrive in shallow soils and produce a green turf throughout the season. Terraces should be thickly seeded-at least 2 pounds to 100 square feet-and should be patted down with a board, not rolled.

NOTE: To attempt to make a lawn without adequate and proper fertilizer is futile. Wilson's Lawn Enricher is designed to supply the necessary nutrients to Wilson's Evergreen Lawn Seed mixtures. It should be used on both new and old lawns.

GENERAL LIST OF GRASSES

MARKET PRICE

All Tested for Purity and Growth and All Best Grades

1

Blue Grass, Kentucky. One of the most valuable grasses for lawns.

Colonial Bent. Excellent for lawns.

Domestic Rye Grass. Valuable for lawns in mixtures of other grasses.

Chewing's N. Z. Fescue. Valuable for lawns—does well in shade.

Orchard Grass. A valuable grass in mixtures for pasture or for hay.

Red-top Grass Seed. Fancy recleaned.

Rough Stalked Meadow Grass. A spreading thickly matting species. Fine for shady lawns.

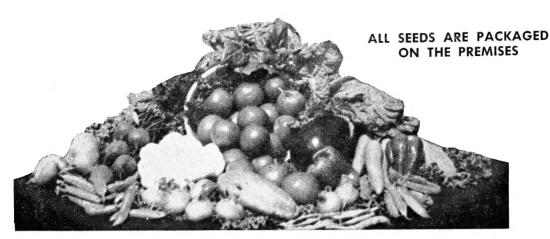
under trees, etc.

White Dutch Clover. For lawns, Tends to thicken the undersod.

Wild White Clover. New Zealand.

Merion Blue Grass.

WILSON'S FINER VEGETABLE SEEDS



BEANS

GREEN-POD BUSH

1 lb. Will Sow a Row 100 Feet Long.

How to Grow Bush Beans

Plant seed when danger of frost is past and the soil is warm, in rows 18 to 30 in, apart. Make furrows about 2 in, deep and space the beans 2 to 3 in, apart in the row. Cover with fine soil and firm the soil over the seed with your foot or the back of a rake to insure good germination. When plants are 2 or 3 in, high, thin to stand 4 to 6 in, apart in the row. For a continuous supply of tender pods, make additional sowings when the preceding planting is up and growing; allow plenty of time for the last sowing to bear before frost. Plants grow 15 to 20 in, tall and will bear more pods if you pick them when young at which time they are truly delicious.

BOUNTIFUL. Long, fleshy, flat, broad pods, tender and brittle and absolutely stringless; very early and productive. ½ 1b. 35 ets.; 1 lb. 60 ets.

STREAMLINER. White seeded bountiful. A new bean with white seeds. Ideal for home and market gardens. Pods flat, 8 to 10 inches long, stringless and almost fiberless. ½ 1b. 40 cts.; 1 lb.

STRINGLESS GREEN POD. Long round pows: early; stringless at all stages. A heavy yielder. 1/2 lb. 30 ets.; 1 lb. 60 ets.

TENDERGREEN. A bean of unusual merit, remarkable for both heavy yield and delicious quality. Valuable for home gardeners. Pods round light grean, tender and strictly stringless. ½ 1b. 35 cts.; 1 lb. 65 cts.

TOP CROP

LL AMERICA GOLD MEDAL WINNER. 49 days to maturity, Yield concentrated. Highly recommended for canning and quick freeze. 1/2 1b. 35 ets.; 1 lb. 65 ets.

WAX OR YELLOW-POD BUSH BEANS

1 lb. Will Sow a Row 100 Feet Long.

SURE CROP STRINGLESS WAX (California Rust-Proof). Black-seeded; pods of good size, thick and flat and of excellent quality. Early. ½ lb. 40 ets.; 1 lb. 75 ets.

TOP NOTCH GOLDEN WAX. Long, flat, meaty, yellow pods, 5½ inches long, brittle; stringless. ½ lb. 40 ets.; 1 lb. 75 ets. meaty.

BRITTLE WAX, Round Pod Kidney Wax. Early, of vigorous growth, heavy yielder; pods long, round; entirely stringless; fine flavor. ½ lb. 40 ets.; 1 lb. 75 ets.

POLE, STRING OR SHELL BEANS 1 lb. to 100 hills

How to Grow Pole Beans

Pole Beans should not be planted until all danger of frost is past and the soil is warm and moderately dry. They do best if the vines are given support, the most frequently used being rough poles, spaced 3 to 4 ft. apart each way. Place 5 or 6 beans around each pole, cover with 2 in. of soil, and firm to assist germination. When plants are well started, thin so that 3 or 4 of the strongest remain to a pole. A packet of seed is enough for 15 poles; 1 lb. of seed for 100 poles, except Scarlet Runner, a packet of which is enough for 8 poles; 1 lb. for 60 poles. Pole Beans may also be planted 3 to 5 in. apart along a trellis or fence, sowing 300 ft. of row with 1 lb. of seed. along a trellis or with 1 lb. of seed.

KENTUCKY WONDER—OLD HOMESTEAD. Round pods 7 to 9 nches long; stringless. Sweet and tender. Matures in 65 days. ½ lb. 35 cts.; 1 lb. 60 ets.

CARLET RUNNER, Largely grown for ornamental purposes. Snap or Shell bean, 90 days. ½ lb. 35 cts.; 1 lb. 65 cts.; Pkt. 10 cts. SCARLET RUNNER.



Top Crop Beans Good For Freezing

DWARF, OR BUSH LIMA BEANS

1 lb. will sow a row about 100 feet long. Packets 10 cts. Each.

FORDHOOK BUSH, Large pods; very productive: quality unsurpassed. ½ 1b. 35 cts.; 1 lb. 65 cts.

IMPROVED BUSH LIMA (Burpee). Larger than the foregoing, heavy yielder, and early. Very popular. ½ 1b. 35 cts.; I 1b. 65 cts.

BUSH LIMA, HENDERSON'S, Small seed; productive; early. ½ 1b. 30 ets.; 1 lb. 60 ets.

BUSH LIMA. BABY FORDHOOK. 12 to 14 inches high. Early and prolific; quality unsurpassed. Sets pods where others fail. Pods are large for a baby lima; seeds bright green in its eating stage and creamy white when dry. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; 1 lb. 80 cts.

POLE LIMA BEANS

2 lbs. Will Plant About 150 Hills.

EARLY LEVIATHAN. Earliest of all; enormous mods and Beans; great yielder.

KING OF THE GARDEN. Vigorous grower: large ods, often 6 inches long and 1½ inches broad. Beans extra large and thick and of fine flavor.

SMALL SIEVA or CAROLINA. Produces a fine crop of attractive pods. 3½ inches long, each with 3 or 4 small flat green beans of splendid quality.

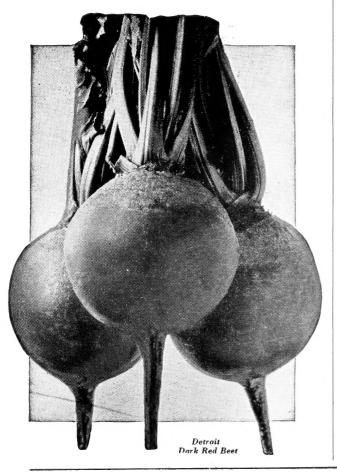
PRICES OF POLE LIMA BEANS

Pkt. 10 ets.

1 lb. 65 ets.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED. Very tender; prolific. Pkt. 10 ets.



GARDEN BEETS SEED SEED

DETROIT DARK RED. Globular; deep vermillion flesh, very sweet and tender. For early or late sowing; our seed produces the darkest colored beets of unusual sugar content.

EARLY PRIZE BLOOD. Very early and uniform. Almost round, deep ox-blood color, small taproot; medium top. Tender and sweet.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. Deep red flesh, sl zoned; very smooth, tender and sweet. early; good shape and size.

CRIMSON GLOBE. A second-early globe-shaped Beet of medium size. The flesh is rich, blood-red, very sweet and free from stringiness.

Pkt. 10 ets. Oz. 25 ets.

SWISS CHARD-See Page 7.

BROCCOLI RICH IN VITAMINS

CALABRESE IMPROVED (Italian Green Sprouting). A distinct variety. Plant forms a large, solid head which remains green. When the central head is cut, numerous sprouts develop from the leaf axis, each sprout terminating in small green heads. Matures in about 90 days from our selected seed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts.; 1 oz. 65 cts.

DE CICCO. Compact large green head. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 cz. 20 cts.; 1/2 cz. 35 cts.; 1 cz. 65 cts.



CABBAGE

All 10 cts. per Pkt., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; 1 oz. 65 cts.

copenhagen market. Distinctly early. Plant small, compact, allowing very close planting; stem short; heads round, firm; 6 to 7 inches in diameter. Of excellent quality.

GOLDEN-ACRE CABBAGE. A small, early, very fine variety, with round, solid heads. The outer leaves are small, permitting close planting. Very

suitable for the suburban gardener.

ARLY GIANT SOLID HEAD. Matures after Wakefield. It is round and does not crack easily. It does splendidly under dry weather conditions, developing perfect heads. Keeps well.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. Very early, sure-heading; largely grown by home gardeners. Medium sized, pointed heads, solid and of good quality

PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH. Large, flat heads, uniform, solid and of finest quality. For winter

DANISH BALLHEAD, or HOLLAND. Short stem. Medium-sized round heads of good quality. One of the best for winter keeping.

PERFECTION DRUMHEAD SAVOY. The best of all Savoys for the home garden; grows strong and vigorous with dense, crumpled leaves and solid heads.

MANMOTH RED ROCK. Fine for pickling. Round solid heads, dark red.

Cultural Directions for All Vegetables on Pages 8 & 9

CARROTS TENDER — SWEET — NUTRITIOUS

All 10 cts. per Pkt., ¼ oz. 20 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts.; 1 oz. 65 cts.

One Ounce Will Sow a Row 75 Feet Long.

- RESELECTED RUBICON, Selected Seed, Half long: stump rooted; fine grained, practically coreless, rich orange red flesh; medium early; extra fine.
- ANVERS HALF LONG. Selected Seed. Adapts itself to all soils. A great producer; sweet and
- NANTES HALF LONG SCARLET. An excellent bunching carrot; one of the best for home gardens. Roots scarlet-orange, 7 inches long, 14 inches thick. Flesh reddish orange, core inconspicuous; crisp, tender and of delicate flavor
- IMPERATOR. Very productive; uniform in shape; brittle, tender and sweet. Grows about 8 inches long with broad tops.

CAULIFLOWER

- extra Early Pedigree Snowball. Earliest of all. Dwarf, compact, sure header. It produces very large, snow white heads either outdoors or under glass, and due to its dwarf habit can be planted 18 inches apart in rows. Pkt. 50 ets.; 1/4 oz. \$1.25.
- EXTRA EARLY PEARL. Very early; sure header; medium to large; snow-white; deep and solid, compact heads of finest quality. Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/4 oz. \$1.00.

CELERY

- WHITE PLUME IMPROVED. Early; a vigorous grower. Stalks large and uniformly white; requires only a short time to blanch.
- GIANT PASCAL. A large green Celery with golden yellow heart; easily blanched. Stalks thick, solid and crisp. An excellent keeper.
- GOLDEN PLUME SELF-BLANCHING. Early; solid golden yellow; crisp and tender .
- CELERIAC Smooth Prague. (Knob Celery). Produces globular roots used for soups and stews.

CHICORY FOR SALADS

One Ounce Will Sow 160 Feet.

CATALOGNA (Italian Dandelion). dwarf growing salad and greens plant greatly relished. Pkt. 10 ets.; 1/4 oz. 20 ets.; 1/2 oz. 35 ets.;

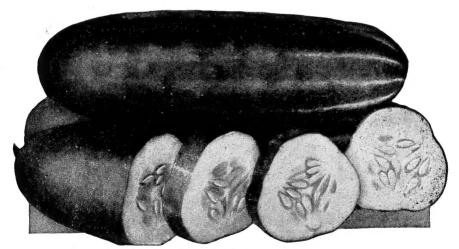
COLLARDS, GEORGIA

rows 2 feet tall and produces great quantities of dark green succulent leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts.; 1 oz. 25 cts.

WILSON'S SWEET CORN

- WHIPCROSS 39. 12 to 14 row light yellow. Vigorous, resistant to heat, drought and wi.t. Uniform ears, 8 inches long. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 46 cts.; 1 lb. 75 cts.
- MARCROSS 39. A week earlier than Golden Cross Bantam. Stalks 5 feet. Ears 7 inches long with 12 to 14 rows of creamy golden yellow kernels, exceptionally sweet. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; 1 lb. 85 ets.
- GOLDEN CROSS BANTAM. A disease-resisting variety. Produces a heavier crop than G Bantan and more uniform ears. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/2 lb. 40 cts.; 1 lb. 75 ets.
- GOLDEN GIANT. Matures about a week after Bantam and produces ears 8 inches long with luscious yellow kernels. Grows 5½ to 6 feet.
- GOLDEN BANTAM, SELECT. Grows 4 feet high: golden ears with deep kernels of delicious flavor yery early.
- LUTHER HILL—MIDGET. Fine for small garden. Pkt. 25 cts.
- STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. A standard white main-crop sort; very productive, tender and sweet.
- COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. Small ears; late. White. PRICES OF SWEET CORN EXCEPT G. C. BANTAN WHIPCROSS 39, MARCROSS 39 AND LUTHER HILL

Pkt. 10 ets.; ½ lb. 30 ets.; 1 lb. 55 ets.



CUCUMBERS

All Same Price: Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2 cz. 20 cts.; 1 oz. 35 cts.

- One Ounce Will Plant About 50 Hills; 4 Pounds to Acre. Matures in 60 to 70 Days.
- STRAIGHT-8. Equally desirable for the home or market garden. Produces a heavy crop of uniform fruit, deep green, 8 inches long, 2 inches thick. The shape of the fruit is just right for slicing.
- LONGFELLOW. Long slender dark green; for out-doors or forcing. Fruits 12 to 14 inches long.
- EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE. Beautiful bottle green fruits, 8 to 9 inches long; flesh almost white.
- DAVIS PERFECT. Prolific and early. Fruits slim,
- The pickling cucumber. Produces fruits at right size for bottling. Very productive. about the

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF VEGETABLE PLANTS IN SEASON

EGG PLANT

Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 30 cts. BLACK BEAUTY. Very early; purple black fruits

ENDIVE

Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 20 cts.; 1/2 oz. 30 cts.; 1 oz. 45 cts. LARGE GREEN CURLED. Hardy; deep gre-leaves easily blanched to rich creamy white.

BROAD-LEAVED OR FULL HEARTED BATAVIAN (Escarolle). Very broad, flat, light green leaves very easily blanched.

AROMATIC — HERBS — MEDICINAL

Every garden should contain a few herbs, as they are useful in many ways. They can be grown as edgings to walks, and their fragrance will be distributed by the brushing of clothing against the plants while passing.

BASIL SWEET. For flavoring. Pkt. 10 cts.

BORAGE. Excellent for bees. Pkt. 10 cts.

DILL. For Dill pickles. Pkt. 10 cts.

FENNEL, FLORENCE. Rounded thick leaf-bases. Pkt. 10 cts.

*LAVENDER, For perfuming. Pkt. 10 cts.

*SAGE. For seasoning. Pkt. 10 cts.

SAVORY, SUMMER. Leaves and shoots are used for flavoring. Pkt. 10 ets.

SWEET MARJORAM. Leaves used green in summer and dried in winter for flavoring. Pkt. 10 cts.

*THYME, BROAD-LEAVED ENGLISH. For seasoning and poultry stuffing. Pkt. 25 ets. These are perennial. Others are annual. We can supply plants of most perennial herbs.

KALE OR BORECOLE FROST-RESISTING

DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. Large, finely curled leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; 1 oz. 35 cts.

SPRING, or SMOOTH KALE. This variety thrives best when planted in the Fall for cutting during the Winter. It is very hardy, a rapid grower, tender, and sweet when young. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz.

TENDER — KOHLRABI — FINE GRAIN

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. Light green, fine grained bulb; short leaves.

EARLY PURPLE VIENNA. Same as above, except in color.

LETTUCE

All 10 cts. per pkt.; ½ oz. 25 cts.; 1 oz. 40 cts. (except Great Lakes)

HEADING SORTS

BIG BOSTON SELECTED. Large, tender heads, blanches beautifully. Fine for mid-summer and fall planting and for forcing.

NEW YORK OR WONDERFUL (Dark Iceberg)
Also called California Simpson, Immense heads
very solid; heart blanches beautifully; tender
and crisp; fine for summer. Best for New Jersey

GREAT LAKES. Fine new variety that won top honors in the All-America Seed Trials for 1944 Of the Iceberg type, the crisp cream-white head develops readily. Slow to bolt, even in midsummer. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; 1/2 oz. 50 cts.; 1 oz. 90 ets.

CURLED OR LOOSE-LEAVED SORTS

Heat Resisting. Ready in about 45 days.

GRAND RAPIDS. Large, tender.

EARL) CURLED SIMPSON. Large, curled yellow-green leaves, crisp and tender.

BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON. Best of the loose-leaf sorts. Tender; leaves ruffled; yellowish green

OAKLEAF. Forms a loose head, cream at the heart, green at leafends; tender and sweet even in hot weather. Pkt. 10 ct.



ROMAINE OR COS LETTUCE

Long, spoon-shaped leaves which will blanch nearly snow-white without tying up. Crisp and tender. Set the young plants 6 to 8 inches apart in the

LEEK For Soups, etc.

PRIZE-WINNER. Large, long, thick white stems, often over 3 inches in diameter; very mild and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.

MUSKMELON

(CANTALOUPE)

All 10 ets, per Pkt.

EMERALD GEM. Salmon-pink flesh, thick and sweet. An excellent home garden melon, with dark green skin. Matures early.

GRANITE STATE MIDGET. Just right for the

small garden.

HALE'S BEST. The earliest of all large melons. Even in a season remarkable for its coolness, the melons matured in 68 days after planting. Fruits oval to somewhat elongated. Sweet, luscious, beautiful salmon flesh.

MUSTARD GREENS 10 ets per pkt.; ½ oz. 20 ets.; 1 oz. 35 ets.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED. Enormous leaves. Long standing.

TENDERGREEN

Mild with a delicious Spinach flavor. Ready for cutting three to four weeks after planting. May be used when small or when fully matured. Cook same as Spinach.

ONIONS

All Same Price. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.;

NOTE: When bulbs have matured bend down tops to hasten ripening and to prevent going to seed. PRIZETAKER. Yellowish brown skin; white flesh;

large size; heavy yielder. ED GLOBE SOUTHPORT. Fine, globe-shaped Onion; medium size; mild flavor; good keeper. RED

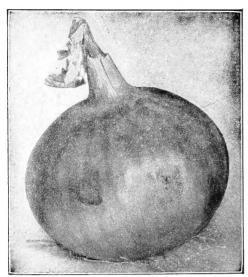
WHITE GLORE SOUTHPORT. Clear white bulbs of perfect globe shape. Fine-grained mild flesh.

YELLOW GLOBE SOUTHPORT. Same as the Red Globe, except in color of outer skin.

SILVERSKIN or WHITE PORTUGAL. Used largely when young in salads and for pickles.

WETHERSFIELD LARGE RED. Large, flat bulbs, pinkish white inside, purplish red outside. Best for poor dry soils.

TRY THE NEW SALAD BOWL LETTUCE



White Globe Onion

ONION SETS

WHITE. These sets were grown from choice White Silverskin or Portugal Onion seed.
YELLOW EBENEZER. Yellow-skinned, white-fleshed; mild. Will keep all winter.

Market Price

OKRA FOR SOUPS AND STEWS Packet 10 ets.

DWARF LONG POD. Low, stocky and productive. PERKINS' MAMMOTH LONG-POD. Large, slender deep green pods.

OYSTER PLANT

PARSLEY

Pkt. 10 ets.; ½ oz. 15 ets.; 1 oz. 25 etc. 1 oz. Will Sow a Row 100 Feet Long. JERSEY GREEN CURLED. Handsome deep green finely curled moss-like leaves. Best of all.

PLAIN or ITALIAN. Very hardy; not curled.

PARSNIPS

HOLLOW CROWN. Large, heavy shouldered roots white skin, tender, fine-grained flesh. Pkt. 10 cts.

PEAS

All to cts. Fer Packet.

1 Ib Will Sow a Row About 160 Feet Long.

LAXTON'S SUPERB OR EARLY BIRD. A very early large podded variety. Can be planted early in Spring; withstands cold, wet weather. Pods dark green, 4 inches long and contain 9 or 10 peas. Height, 25 inches. I Ib. 45 cts.

GRADUS, or PROSPERITY. Height 3½ feet. Sweetest wrinkled pea. I Ib. 50 cts.

LITTLE MARVEL. Very large pods; great yielder. Only 15 inches high. I Ib. 45 cts.

TELEPHONE (ALDERMAN). Standard late-crop

TELEPHONE (ALDERMAN). Standard late-crop sort: imme: 1 lb. 50 ets. immense pods and peas. Height 4 feet.

DWARF TELEPHONE OR DAISY. A fine late crop variety. Light green pods, 4½ inches long, straight and pointed containing 8 to 9 peas of fine quality. 1 lb. 50 cts.

world's Record—Extra-Early Gradus. Vines grow about 3 feet tall and bear an enormous crop of pods 3½ inches long, nearly straight, medium green, and hold 7 to 9 large tender peas of luse'ous flavor. 1 lb. 50 cts.

UGAR DWARF GRAY **EEDED. Used same as Snap Beans, both pod and peas being eaten. Height about 16 inches. 1 lb. 59 cts.



World Beater Pepper

PEPPERS

All 10 ets per Pkt.; ¼ ez. 40 ets.; ½ ez. 70 ets.; CALIFORNIA WONDER. Immense fruits sometimes 6 inches deep and 6 inches across. Exceptionally sweet. Ideal for stuffing.

WORLD BEATER Large fruits. Flesh solid, sweet and mild. Ruby scarlet when ripe.

PUMPKINS

Packet 10 ct 5

SUGAR, or NEW ENGLAND PIE (also called Winter Luxury). Orange fruits, yellow, tender flesh. MAMMOTH KING or JUMBO. Deep orange skin; light yellow flesh, tender and fine.

RADISHES

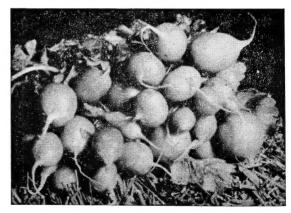
Pkt. 10 ets.; ½ ez. 20 ets.; 1 ez. 45 ets.

ROUND SCARLET, 20-DAY, EARLY. White, crisp, tender; rapid grower.

ROUND SCARLET WHITE TIPPED, EARLY. For frames or outdoors.

RENCH BREAKFAST. Olive-shaped; scarlet, white tip: quick grower; very fine. FRENCH

CICLE. Long, white, crisp and tender. Fine forcer.



RUCOLA (ARGUOLA)

ITALIAN ROCKET. Greatly relished in salads and quite tasteful in soups. The dark green leaves resemble Sorrel. Slightly pungent but appetizing flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts. 1 oz. 60 cts.

Let Our 50 Years Experience Help You!

SALSIFY

SANDWICH ISLAND. Hardy. Large, white, smooth tapering roots. Pl.t. 10 cts.

SPINACH

Pkt, 10 ets.; 1/4 oz. 15 ets.; 1/2 oz. 25 ets.; 1 oz. 45 ets. NOBEL GIANT. Makes very quick low dark green leaves of large size rather smooth and of delicious flavor.

PERPETUAL, See Swiss Chard.

 $\bf VICTORIA.$ Broad, dark green leaves of fine quality. A great heat-resister.

SAVOY. Quick growing; fine for fall sowing: crumpled leaves.

NEW ZEALAND. Grows well in hot weather. Soak seed before sowing. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.;

SOUASH SUMMER VARIETIES, BUSH

All 10 cts. per pkt.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; 1 oz. 35 cts. (except Butternut)

YELLOW GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK. Thick yellow, dry flesh, of fine quality.

YELLOW SUMMER STRAIGHTNECK. Crookneck except neck is almost straight.

WHITE SCALLOPED. (Patty Pan). Early; cream-white fruits.

YELLOW SCALLOPED (Pa(ty Pan) (Golden Custard), Golden yellow flesh; fine quality; large. COCOZIELLE, or Italian Vegetable Marrow, Smooth dark green fruits which when mature become marbled with yellow. Fruits are best when 6 to 8 inches long.

ZUCCHINI. Improved. The color is a very dark green, almost black, no striping or mottling. Flesh greenish white and of fine flavor.

UCONN. Bush type Acorn.

WINTER SORTS, RUNNING

ACORN. The fruits are 6 inches long by 4½ inches in diameter, green shell, flesh yellow and thick. A trailing summer Squash that keeps well into

BUTTERNUT SQUASH. When baked and without the shell it spreads like butter. The skin is dull yellow; a long, thick neck ends in a bulge in which lies all the seed. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ oz. 25 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.; 1 oz. 75 cts.

HUBBARD. A reliable, old-time winter variety. large.

KITCHENETTE (Hubbard). The smallest Hubbard named because the fruits weigh only 5 pounds. Keeps well and is of fine quality.

SWISS CHARD

GIANT DARK GREEN. A splendid smooth leaved sort. Very large leaves, and broad white ribs. remarkably tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 15 cts.; 1 oz. 25 cts.

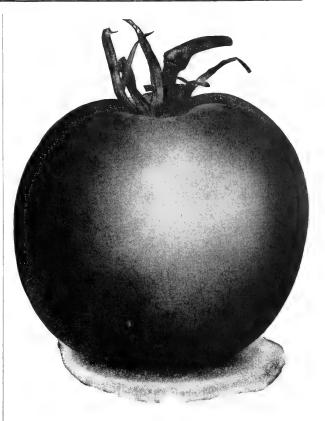
LUCULLUS. Larger than above; light green smooth leaves. Pkt. 10 ets.; ½ oz. 15 ets.; 1 oz. 25 ets.

PERPETUAL SPINACH. A form of Swiss Chard (liked better by many) tastes like spinneh With stands severe summer heat. You can count on a constant supply of tender "greens" all summer and autumn. Pkt. 10 ets.; ½ oz. 15 ets.; 1 oz. 25 cts.

TOMATOES

ARGLOBE. (Certified.) Almost immune from rust and wilt. Of fine appearance, great productiveness, and superb quality. Bears large, scarlet, globe-shaped fruit in abundance. 1/2 02. 45 cts.; 1 oz. 80 cts. MARGLOBE.

BEEFSTEAK. A scarlet "sport" of Ponderosa. Brillant crimson-scarlet. Flesh very solid and meaty, fine for table use. ½ oz. 50 cts.; 1 cz. 90 cts.



PONDEROSA. (Sometimes called Beefsteak.) Enormous purplish pink solid fruits free from acidity. Very productive. ½ oz. 50 cts.; 1 oz. 90 cts.

RUTGERS. (Certified.) Makes a big, vigorous plant on which large, globular, deep red fruits are borne in quant ty. Resistant to disease. 1/2 oz. 45 ets.; 1 oz. 85 ets.

JUBILEE. Deep orange flesh thick and heavy with small seed cavities and a mild non-acid flavor. The yellow skinned fruits are large smooth globes, borne on vigorous vines. 1/8 oz. 35 cts.; globes, borne 4 oz. 50 cts.

SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES

Red Cherry, Red Plum; Yellow Plum. For pre-erves, etc. Pkt. 10 ets.; ¼ oz. 25 ets.; ½ oz. 45 ets.; serves, etc. P

TURNIPS

Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; 1 oz. 35 cts.

MILAN, WHITE. Very early; flat smooth; white; tender and sweet; fine.

MILAN, PURPLE-TOP. Similar to above but with purple top.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE. Pure white flesh, fine for spring, summer or autumn planting.

FOLIAGE, or SHOGOIN. An excellent dual purpose variety, with white Turnips, 2 to 5 inches in diameter and an abundance of greens. The greens are ready for use in about 30 days.

RUTABAGA, IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP. Uniform size, shape and quality; for table use.

WATERMELONS

Packet 10 cts.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MIDGET. Early, tender, good.

Vegetable Cultural Directions

ASPARAGUS. Sow in April in rows 1 foot apart, in well manured, sandy loam. When the plants are one or two years old, put them into beds 3 to 4 feet apart, from 1½ to 2 feet between the plants in the row. Cover with 2 or 3 inches of soil. A dressing of salt, 8 ounces to the square yard is recommended every spring. Cut off tops in September, and on the approach of winter, cover with manure or straw.

STRING BEANS (Green and Wax). Sow early in May and for succession every 2 weeks until late August. Plant Beans 2 inches deep and 2 inches apart in the row, the rows 1½ to 2 feet apart; hoe frequently to the time of blossoming, but only when vines are dry, always drawing the soil toward the rows.

BUSH LIMA BEANS. When frost danger is over and soil has become warm, sow Beans in rich. light loam in rows 2 feet apart, 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows, cover to depth of 1 in., eyes down. Hoe often.

POLE LIMA BEANS. Pole Beans, especially Limas, are very sensitive to cold and wet, and if planted in cold or soggy soil will rot. Set the poles 4 feet apart each way and, when danger of frost is past, plant four or five Beans around each pole 1 inch deep, eyes down. When the young plants come up, thin to three to the pole; hoe and cultivate freely. Top-dress with Wilson's 5-10-5 fertilizer.

POLE STRING OR SHELL BEANS. After settled warm weather, set poles 6 to 8 feet long in rows 4 feet apart extending north and south, poles being 3 feet apart in the row. Let the poles slant slightly toward the north. Around each pole plant five to eight Beans 1½ to 2 inches deep. When well started thin to four plants.

BEETS. Sow in spring, when the apple is in bloom about 1 inch deep in rows 1 foot apart. When plants have made three or four leaves, thin to 4 inches apart. Cultivate thoroughly. For succession, sow every two weeks until Aug. 1.

BROCCOLI. Sow in hotbeds early in March; when plants are sufficiently large, transplant to cold-frames and harden by gradual exposure. Set out in the open ground as soon as the weather will permit, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet apart in rows. Give young plants a good watering, when set out.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Same culture as Cabbage.

CABBAGE. For early crop sow in hotbeds in February or March ½ inch deep and prick out into coldframes to harden. When danger of frost is over plant in the open in rows 2½ feet apart and 2 feet apart in the row. For second early crop sow in April and for late crop in June. Sow Chinese Cabbage in August.

CAULIFLOWER. Same culture as Broccoli. Cauliflower must be kept growing without check and must be watered copiously.

CARROT. For early crops sow ½ inch deep soon as the ground can be worked and for general crop in May. For sucession sow at intervals to July. Rows 12 to 18 inches apart. Cover seed lightly and firm well in the soil. When plants are large enough to handle, thin to 3 or 4 inches apart in row. Hoe often. Can stand light frost.

CELERY. Sow early in spring in well prepared rich soil, in rows, covering seed about four times its size and firming well into the soil with a board. See that soil is kept moist till seeds germinate. In July, set the plants 6 inches apart in rows 3 to 4 feet apart. Draw the earth up to them as they grow, but be careful not to allow any to get into the hearts. Will not thrive in very acid soil.

CHICORY. Sow early in spring, in rows about 2 feet apart, in light, rich soil. When plants are large enough thin out to 6 inches apart.

COLLARDS. Same culture as Cabbage.

CORN. SWEET. As soon as the soil is warm, plant about 2 inches deep in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way, about six seeds to the hill in well drained soil When the plants come up, thin out and allow the strongest three to remain. Hoe often, For succession, plant every ten days to tenth of July.

CRESS. Sow in spring, as soon as the ground can be worked, in shallow drills about 1 foot apart, covering the seed lightly. When the young plants are well up, thin to 4 inches apart in the row. For succession sow every ten days up to June and from end of August. Will not thrive in summer.

CUCUMBER. Sow in May in hills 4 feet apart each way. Put in ten seeds to the hi.. and cover about 1 inch deep. When plants have 4 leaves thin out and leave strongest 4. For succession plant up to July. Will not thrive on very acid soil.

DANDELION. For early use, sow in April; for late use in June or July. Sow in drills covering lightly. When plants are about 3 inches high thin to 1 foot apart in the rows; cultivate well, and when nearly full grown, and when plants are dry, blanch by tying the leaves together.

EGGPLANT. Sow seeds in hotbed or greenhouse early in March. Put young plants into $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots. In May or June take out of the pots and plant in the open ground, in rich soil, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 to 3 feet apart in row. Hoe frequently and mulch during warm weather. Use fruits only while they remain glossy.

ENDIVE. Same culture as Dandelion.

KALE. Sow in April or May, and for winter use in August, and cultivate the same as cabbage. Cover seed ½ inch. Fall crop is more tender.

KOHLRABI. Prepare the ground as for cabbage. Sow early in May, and for succession up to August 15, in rows 1½ feet apart. Thin out the plants to 12 inches in the row. To preserve over winter treat as turnips.

LEEK. Sow early in April and mid-summer, in rows 1 inch deep, 1 foot apart, and thin 4 to 6 inches in the rows; cultivate often. Draw earth up to them as they grow to insure white and tender Leeks. Do better if transplanted.

LETTUCE. For Spring outdoor crop sow early in March about ¼ inch deep, in boxes or hotbeds. Transplant into flats or coldframes to harden off. As soon as the ground can be worked, set out in rows, 1 foot apart, allowing from 8 to 12 inches between plants; cultivate frequently. For succession sow in the open ground every two weeks, from April to September 1. Soil well enriched is necessary, as lettuce must be grown without check.

MUSK MELON. Early in May, when the ground is warm and dry, make hills 4 to 5 feet apart each way and sow 8 to 10 seeds in a hill, covering about 1 inch. When the fourth leaf appears, thin to 3 or 4 plants in a hill. Cultivate frequently.

MUSTARD. Same culture as Spinach.

OKRA. Sow seed as soon as ground is warm, in drills 3 feet apart and 1 inch deep. When the plants come up, thin to about $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in the drills. Requires rich, moist soil and frequent cultivation.

ONION. Sow ½ inch deep early in the spring. When young plants come up, thin to 2 inches apart in the row. Hoe ad cultivate often, but avoid too deep cultivation and be careful not to draw the soil around the growing bulbs. For large onions, sow seed in coldframes in February and transplant to open ground. For early green onions, sow seed of Silverskin in Aug. and protect plants during winter. Sow onion sets 2 inches apart, 1½ inches deep for mature onions—2 inches deep for green onions.

OYSTER PLANT (Salsify). Sow early in spring, in rows 15 inches apart and 1 inch deep; thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows; cultivate same as carrots.

PARSLEY. Sow early in April in rows 1 foot apart and ½ inch deep, and for a succession up to autumn. When plants come up, thin to 4 to 6 inches apart in the row. In dry weather water plentifully.

PARSNIP. Sow in spring ½ inch deep in good, deep soil, as soon as the ground can be worked: make rows 18 inches apart. When the plants are well up, thin to 6 inches apart in the rows. Roll after sowing.

Vegetable Cultural Directions

PEAS. Peas require warm, light soil, well fertilized and slightly acid. Soon as ground can be worked, open rows 3 or 4 nches deep, 2 to 3 feet apart, into which drop the Peas and cover them. Cultivate same as beans.

PEPPER. Same culture as Egg Plant.

PUMPKIN. Sow early in May; make hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way; 4 to 6 seeds in the hill. When plants come up thin to two or three. Pumpkin seed can be sown with corn in every fourth hill. Cultivate frequently and keep the soil rich.

RADISH. Sow as early in spring as the ground can be worked 1 inch deep, in rows 1 foot apart. Sow to avoid thinning. For succession sow every two weeks. Sow winter varieties in July and August. Succeed best in soil slightly acid.

RHUBARB. Requires very rich soil. Bovung is excellent. Roots may be planted in spring or fall and should be set at least 3 feet apart. Cover crowns with 2 inches of soil.

RUTABAGA. Sow Rutabagas thinly in July in rows 2 feet apart. Cover firmly with ½ inch of soil. Thin to stand 6 inches apart in the row. Cultivate constantly. (See also Turnip.)

SPINACH. For spring and summer use, sow in April in rows 1 foot apart, and 1 inch deep, and for succession sow every two weeks up to August. For winter use, sow in September and cover with straw or other protection on the approach of cold weather.

Soak N. Z. Spinach seed over night in warm water. Plant 3 to 4 inches each 2 feet in the row and thin early to 1 plant.

SQUASH. Sow in hills, when the apple is in bloom, about 4 feet apart each way for the summer sorts, and 8 to 12 feet for the winter varieties,, eight to ten seeds to the hill. When the plants come up and when danger of loss by insects is past, thin to three or four plants to the hill.

SWISS CHARD, Sow in spring, when the apple is in bloom, about 1 inch deep in rows 1 foot apart. When plants have made three or four leaves, thin to 6 inches apart. Cultivate thoroughly.

TOMATO. Sow in hotbeds or under glass in March and when the young plants have made three or four leaves, transplant into shallow boxes or cold-frames, setting them 4 to 5 inches apart. When danger of frost is over, set out in the open 2 to 3 feet apart if staked; 3 to 4 feet apart if grown on mulched ground not staked. Seed can also be sown in the open ground.

TURNIP. Sow seed in the open ground in April, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, n rows a foot apart, and thin to 4 to 6 inches in the rows. Be sure to have the soil rich and freshly stirred. **Thin early** and keep free from weeds. For fall and winter use, sow in July, August and September.

WATER MELON. Early in May, when the ground is warm and dry, make hills 8 feet apart each way and sow 8 to 10 seeds in the hill, covering about 1 inch. When the fourth leaf appears, thin to 3 or 4 plants in a hill. Cultivate frequently.

INSECTICIDES, FUNGICIDES AND HERBICIDES Wilson's

Bortox for Peach Tree Borers OK Plant Spray Scalo dormant Oil Spray Tomato Powder Tri-Sure Rose Spray Weed Killer

DuPont's

Ammate Poison Ivy Spray
Crab Grass Killer
Dormant Oil Spray
Fermate for Roses
Floral Dust
Fruit Tree Spray
Garden Dust
Lawn Weed Killer
Rose Dust

Doggett & Pfeil

Rose Dust Tri-Spray for Roses

Pratt's

DX Spray—rotonone and pyrethrum Fruit Tree Spray Para-Scalecide Scalecide, dormant Oil Spray Sufficide

Miscellaneous

Elack Leaf 40 Bordenux Crab Not End-o-Weed Lawn Weed Killer
Pestmaster Dust or Spray for Roses
Red Arrow Garden Spray
Rotonone Powder
Triogen Rose Spray
Volck Oil Spray
Wettable Sulphur

MISCELLANEOUS FERTILIZERS, PLANT FOODS, etc.

(For further listings see inside back cover)

Wilson's and Agrico Roze Food
Rapid Gro
Doggett—Pfeil Mum Food
Plantabbs
Hyponex
Cotton Seed Meal
Buckwheat Hulls
Leaf Mold
Peat Moss
Dried Blood
Potting Soil

African Violet Soil

Rabbit and Dog Repellent
Cyanogas
Mole-Nots
Rat and Mice Nots
Mo-go for Moles
Snarol Snail Bait
Ant Traps; Jelly or Powder

Warfarin, sure death to rats and mice

WILSON'S QUALITY FLOWER SEEDS



AGERATUM (Floss Flower). HAR. A most satisfactory bedding plant. Rain rarely spoils the flowers, and the colors do not fade. A September sowing will give plants to bloom all winter indoors.

Fairy Pink. Dwarf compact. Soft salmon rose. Height 5 inches Pkt 15 ats.

Height 5 inches. Pkt. 15 cts.

Midget Blre. Very dwarf, 2 to 3 inches high. True Ageratum-blue flowers. Pkt. 25 cts

Blue Ball. Improved. Rich blue. Height 4 inches. kt. 10 cts.

Blue Perfection. Deep blue; compact; 9 inches Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Blue Cap. Deep blue. 4 to 5 inches. Pkt. 25 cts.; 1/16 oz. 75 cts.

ALYSSUM (Sweet Alyssum). HAR. Covered from early summer to fall with pure-white flowers of a delicate fragrance.

Carpet of Snow. Fine for rockeries. Grows only about 2 inches high. Pkt. 10 cts.

Little Gem. Plants dwarf, compact, densely covered with white flowers. 5-6 inches. Pkt. 10 cts. Sweet (maritimum). White, 10 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

Violet Qreen. Dwarf compact form with flowers of pretty bright rich violet. Height 5-6 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

Nellow (saxatile compactum, Basket of Gold).
HP1. Blooms the first season if sown early indoors; fine for rockwork; 1 foot. Pkt. 10 cts.

AMARANTHUS HA. Effective annuals, with striking foliage, growing 2 to 4 feet high; useful in borders of tall plants or for large beds. Best in sunny locations.

Molten Fire. 2 feet. Leaves dark bronze, center poinsetta-red, very beautiful. Pkt. 10 cts.

ANCHUSA (Allkanet). HP. Italica, Dropmore Blue; flowers in abundance all sum mer. 4 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

ANTHEMIS Tinctoria Kelwayi. (Hardy Marguerite). HP. Deep yellow. 2 feet Pkt. 10 cts.

ANTIRRHINUM See Snapdragon.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine). HP. 2 feet. Easily grown from seed sown in the open ground early in the spring (plants will often bloom the same season) or in August or September. Blooms in May, June and July.

Mrs. Scott Elliott Hybrids. Pkt. 25 cts.

Long Spurred Hybrids. W. F. Strain. Perfect mixture containing many colors and shades. Pkt

25 cts.

ARCTOTIS GRANDIS (Blue-eyed African Dalsy)
HA. The long-stemmed,
daisy-like flowers are pure white, under sides
lavender, and centers soft blue: silvery foliage
Blooms from July till frost; valuable for cutting. 2 ft. Pkt. 10 cts.

New Hybrids, Rival in colors and size the famous Gerberas. Pkt. 10 cts.

ASTERS HA.

Ballet Type. Mixed colors (very early). Double, wilt resistant, distinctive crested center. Pkt.

Super Giant Los Angeles. A wonderful Aster, similar to the Giants of California, but earlier and larger, with an unusual curling and interlacing of the petals. Shell-pink. Long strong stems. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Giant California Sunshine. Half-double flowers, 4 to 6 inches in diameter, with the grace and beauty of the single Aster. Yellow centers of tiny quills, contrasting with the outer petals. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.

Giant Branching. Wilt-resistant. Strong, branching bushes 2 to 2½ feet high, bearing large flowers of full substance, averaging inches across. Azure Blue, Shell Pink, Crimson, Purple. White and Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.: 1/8 oz. 40 cts.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS USED IN THIS SECTION

HA-Hardy Annual. HHA-Half Hardy Annual.

HP-Hardy Perennial TP-Tender Perennial. R-Rock Plant. Suitable HB-Hardy Biennial.

TB-Tender Biennial HP1—Hardy Perennials that flower first year

C-Climber. Requires

for rock gardens.



Aster Branching



Aster Giant California Sunshine



Aster Crego, Giant



Aster Super Grant

SEE BACK COVER FOR LIST OF HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

Crego's Giant Comet. Wilt-resistant. The finest of all Comet Asters, bearing immense fluffy flowers. White, Shell Pink, Lavender, Purple, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 40 cts.

Heart of France. Wilt-resistant. Plants grow about 24 inches high, bearing large, rich, ruby-red flowers on long stems. 10 cts. per pkt.: ½ oz. 40 cts.

Single Asters. Wilt-resistant. Very decorative. Large blooms, often 4 to 5 inches across. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/8 oz. 25 cts.

We can also furnish plants of Hardy Asters in variety.

BABY'S BREATH (Angels' Breath). See Gypsophilia.

BALSAM (Lady Slipper). HA., Double Camelia-Flowered, Of easiest culture, loving hot sun, rich soil, and plenty of water. Produces handsome bushes 1½ feet high with large flowers nestling among the leaves. Does well in partial shade. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

BELLIS PERENNIS (English Daisy). HP1 R. 8 inches. "Button Daisy," hardy if mulched over winter, though new plants each year from seed give best results. Flowers in autumn if sown in spring.

Mixed, Finest. Pkt. 10 cts.

BLACK-EYED SUSAN See Rudebeckia.

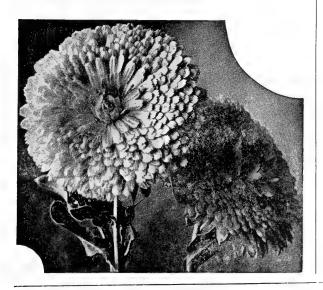
BLUE LACE FLOWER (Didiscus Coeruleus). HA
Long stemmed. A blue
flower. Constant bloomer. Height 3 feet. Seed
requires 3 to 4 weeks to germinate. Plant in
partial shade. Pkt. 10 cts.

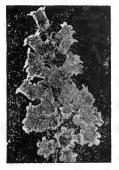
BRACHYCOME Iberidifolia. (Swan River Daisy) HA. Blue. 10 ins. Pkt. 10 cts

CALENDULA

HA. Flower quickly from seed, and will bloom until frost. Sow where they are to grow. 2 to 3 seeds together, at intervals of 12 inches. Pull out the weakest ones, and leave but one plant to grow. 12-18 inches.

New Double Art Shades. A mixture of colors that hitherto have been unobtainable; pastel hues of cream, apricot, yellow, tangerine, etc. Suitable for both indoors and out. Pkt. 10 cts.: 1/4 oz. 25 cts.









Candytuft

CAMPANULA Rich in color and profuse in bloom. In June and July they flower most profusely. If sown early the hardy perennials will bloom the next year.

BIENNIAL VARIETIES

Medium. (Single Canterbury Bells). The oldfashioned sort, with beautiful, large, bellshaped blossoms.

Blue, Rose, White and Mixed Colors. Each 10 cts. per pkt.

Calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer; Canterbury Bells). The finest type.

Rose, Blue, White and Mixed Colors. Each 15 cts. per pkt.

CANDYTUFT HAR. Easily grown; blooms all summer. A universal favorite. Successive sowings should be made during the summer (sow in July for fall flowers) while the last sowing in the autumn will produce flowers early in spring. One foot high.

White. Pkt. 10 cts.

Carmine. Carmine-rose. Pkt. 10 cts.

Crimson, Rich shade. Pkt. 10 cts.

Rose Cardinal. Pkt. 10 cts.

Lilac. Delicate shade. Pkt. 10 cts.

Mixed Colors, Pkt. 10 cts.

PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT (IBERIS). HPR.

Lilac (Gibraltarica). Very large flowers. Pkt. 10
cts.; % oz. 40 cts.

White. (I. sempervirens). For rockeries, etc. 1'kt. 15 ets.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 ets.

CARDINAL CLIMBER (Scarlet Queen). HAC. Fiery cardinal flowers about 1½ inches in diameter. Dark green lacinated leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.

CARNATION HA. Large double, highly scented flowers on long stems. With slight protection they will survive ordinary winters.

Chabaud's Giant Surpass all others in richness and variety of coloring. They flower continuously after six months from sowing. Plants thickset and bushy; stalks stiff and upright, bearing immense double sweet scented blossoms of perfect regularity.

Nero. Crimson.

Jeanne Dionis. Pure White.

Rose Queen. Rosy Pink.

Marie Chabaud. Fine Yellow.

Mixed. All sorts. Extra selected. All Pkts. 25 cts.

Giant Margaret Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF ANNUAL PLANTS IN SEASON





Carnation

Centaurea Cyanus

CASTOR-OIL BEAN See Rincinus.

CELOSIA See Cockscomb and Chinese Woolflower.

CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS (Glant Imperial Sweet Sultana). HA

2-3 feet. Wonderful for cutting—long-stemmed, fringed, and delightfully fragrant. Easy to grow, flowering freely from June until frost Successive sowings should be made two weeks apart during May and June. Better if thinned and not transplanted and not transplanted.

Mixed Colors, Pkt. 10 cts.

CENTAUREA OR CORNFLOWER HA. Sow early summer till frost if kept from seeding; even then will self seed for future seasons. One of the truest blues in the garden grows and blooms anywhere. 2 feet.

DOUBLE CORNFLOWER (Centaurea cyanus)

These popular annuals are also known as Bache lor's Buttons, Blue Bottle, Ragged Sailor, etc.

Red Boy. Dark red. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts

Blue Boy. Dark blue. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts

Pinkie. Rose. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts.

Snow Man. White. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 35 cts

Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

Jubilee Gem. Dwarf compact plants covered with flowers. Its foliage is distinct from other Cornflowers, forming a tufted mass of bright green Dark blue, double flowers. 1 foot. Suitable for pots or border. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. for 25 cts.

CHINESE FORGET-ME-NOT HA (Cynoglossum amabile). From China; of the easiest culture, forming strong plants about 18 inches high and producing through the summer sprays of intense blue flowers like Forget-Me-Nots. Pkt. 10 cts.

Firmament. Dwarf form of above. 12 to 15 inches

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER HA. (Celosia Childsii)
The flowers resemble
a ball of wool. They branch freely and by mid
summer are covered with blooms. They retain
their full beauty and color until frost. Fine for
cutting, lasting in water almost a week. 2 feet Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.

CHRYSANTHEMUM HA Showy garden favorites, fine for cut-flowers. Summer-flowering border plants, quite distinct from the hardy autumn-flowering sorts.

Single, Pkt 10 cts.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts. 1/4 oz. 25 cts.

CLARKIA HA. Does well in sun or shade; grows 2 to 2½ feet high, with leafy racemes of double flowers. Splendid for cutting. Blooms all summer.

Double Novelty Mixture. Pkt. 10 cts.

CLEOME HA. Pungens (Giant Spider Flower). A quick-growing annual with large, curious flower-heads of bright rose on stems 4 to 5 feet tall. Pkt. 10 cts.

Pink Queen. A tall and attractive border subject, with huge heads of true pink, without a trace of magenta. Blooms from June until frost. Pkt. 10 cts.

White (New) Helen Campbell, Pkt. 25 cts.

COBAEA SCANDENS (Cathedral Bells). HAC.

Purple. Bell-shaped flowers. 25 feet. Sow seed
White. edgewise. Each Pkt. 10 cts.

COCKSCOMB (Celosia cristata). HA. Freeblooming annuals, growing best in rather light soil, not too rich but with plenty of moisture. Bloom all summer. Fine for drying for winter buguets ing for winter bouquets.

Tall Crimson. Fiery crimson. Extra. Pkt. 10 cts.

Tall Mixed. Extra. Pkt. 15 cts.

FEATHERED COCKSCOMB (Celosia plumosa). HA.

Make fine plants for large beds or groups; the plumes can be cut and dried for winter bouquets.

Golden Plume. Golden yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.

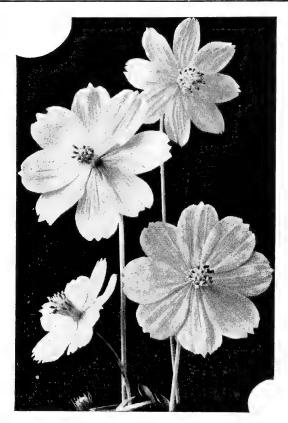
Scarlet Plume. Vivid Scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Childsii. See Chinese Woolflower.

CONVOLVULUS See Morning-Glory and Ipomea.



Plant of Feathered Cockscomb



COSMOS HA. Beautiful flowers in white, pink and crimson. When about a foot high pinch tops to induce bushy growth.

EARLY SENSATION (31/2 feet)

Very large flowers. Stems long and graceful Unexcelled for cutting. Early enough to bloom anywhere in the U.S.

Radiance. Distinct; sensational! Pkt. 10 cts.

Cardinal. Brilliant Crimson, Immense size; perfect form. Pkt. 10 cts.

Purity. Pure white. Pkt. 10 cts.

Pinkie. Pink. Pkt. 10 cts. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.

FIESTA

(NEW) 1952 ALL AMERICA WINNER, Scarlet, semi double, ruffled. Blooms all summer. Pkt.

CYPRESS VINE See Ipomoea Quamoclit.

DAHLIAS Grown readily from seed, flowering the first season.

Unwin's Dwarf Ideal Bedding Mixed. Miniature early-flowering semi-double hybrids 18 to 24 inches high with a wide range of colors. Ideal for cutting and easily grown from seed. Pkt. for cu

DIDISCUS COERULEUS See Blue Lace Flower.

DIGITALIS See Foxglove.

DIMORPHOTHECA (African Golden Daisy) HAR 1 foot. Beautiful. The flow-ers vary in color from white to salmon, many being zoned with several colors around the black disk, Easily grown in a sunny place. Orange-Yellow (Aurantiaca). Fine. Pkt. 10 cts Wixed (Aurantiaca). Pkt. 10 cts.

DOLICHOS LABLAB (Hyacinth, Bean), HAC. Rapid climber; flowers in clusters. Purple, 10 feet, Pkt. 10 cts.

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur). HP1. In varieties and beauty of its blue tints the Delphinium has no equal. Some flower early and late; the season for all can be prolonged by cutting away withered flower-stems. All are easily grown. They must have room to grow; 3 feet each way is not too much. If sown in fall or very early spring nearly all will bloom the first season.

Pale Blue (D. Belladonna), Lovely shade, Majestic plant; 3 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.

Dark Blue (Bellamosum). Belladonna type but dark blue. 3 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.

Gold Medal Hybrids Mixed. B & L strain. Immense spikes in all the varying shades of blue. Pkt. 25 cts.

Pacific Giant Hybrids. Gigantic spikes, superior to the B & L type above. Pkt. 25 cts.

Chinense—(Chinese Larkspur). If sown early, flowers are produced freely on well-branched stems from June to September.

Blue Butterfly. Deep brilliant blue; 1 foot. Pkt. 15 cts.

Cambridge Blue. Clear light blue. Pkt. 15 cts. White. Pure white; 1 foot. Pkt. 15 cts.



Coreopsis



Cobaea



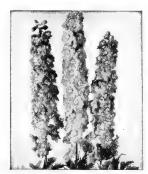
Unwin Dahlias



Dimorphotheca



Didiscus



Delphinium

All Our Seeds Are Tested - They Grow



ESCHOLTZIA (California Poppy; Gold Cups).
HA. Attractive annuals for beds,
edging or masses; bloom from June to frost.
Sow seed where plants are to remain. I foot

Mixed, Large Flowering. A select large flowering erect type. Choice. Pkt. 10 cts.

EUPHORBIA HA. For beds or borders: flowers inconspicuous; foliage exceedingly ornamental. 2 feet.

Variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). Foliage margined white. Pkt. 10 cts.

Heterophylla. Carmine. (Fire on the Mountain). Pkt. 10 cts.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS (Straw Flowers). HA. Unsurpassed for winter decoration. They last for years. Should be cut and dried when in bud and blossom.

lielichrysum monstrosum, Double, Mixed. W grow in almost any so'l. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts. Statice (Sea Lavender). Pkt. 10 cts.

FLOWER MIXTURES HA.

Haphazard. Sow some of this broadcast in any out-of-the-way place. Pkt. 10 cts.

Cut-Flower. Planned to produce a continuous array of bloom all summer. Sow it between vegetable rows, in odd corners and on vacant lots. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 25 cts.

WINDOW BOX MIXTURE A choice mixture grown flowers especially suited for window boxes. Pkt. 10 cts.

FIRE ON THE MOUNTAIN See Euphorbia.

FOUR O'CLOCKS (Marvel of Peru). HA. F flowering favorite. 2 feet. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis). Hardy if given slight protection. Seed may be sown from spring till midsummer. Alpestris sorts bloom in April: Palustris in May.

Alpestris, Blue. Fine. Pkt. 10 cts.

Alpestris, Mixed. Very choice. Pkt. 10 cts. Palustris semperflorens. HPR. Blue. True For get-Me-Not. 9 inches. Pkt. 25 cts.

(Digitalis). HP. Handsome, FOXGLOVE (Digitalis). HP. Handsome, stately hardy plants, succeeding under almost all conditions, and flowering in June and July. Does well in half shade. 3 to 5 feet.

Gloxiniaeflora, Giant Shirley, Mixed Colors, Handsome, spotted, gloxiana-like flowers on long spikes. Pkt. 10 cts.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). HA. Large showy flowers. Bloom profusely summer until frost. Fine for beds, borders or for cutting. Sow where they are to bloom. 1½ feet.

Picta, Single. Yellow and red. Pkt. 10 cts. The petals are glittering, "bronzy" red accentuated by a dark brown center. Makes dense bushy plants about a foot high. Blooms all summer, Pkt. 10 cts.

Double Mixed ou**ble Mixed Lorenziana.** beautiful color. Pkt. 10 cts. Profuse - flowering

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA HP.

Thrives almost anywhere, requires little care. If sown early begins flowering in July, continuing until frost; fine for cutting. 2 feet.

uing until frost; fine for cutting. 2 feet.

Portola Hybrids. This superb strain bears flowers of large size, colors range through shades of bronze red with golden tipped petals. A wonderful cut-flower. Pkt. 20 cts.

Goblin. 12 to 16 inches high. Especially suitable for the rock garden; begins to bloom middle of summer. Of compact habit. Bright yellow flowers with a deep red zone. Its stems are long enough for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.

GEUM HP. Beautiful. Bears profusely large, showy, double flowers all through the summer; an elegant flower for bouquets. 2 feet. Mrs. Bradshaw. Crimson scarlet. Pkt. 25 ets. Lady Stratheden, Golden yellow, Pkt. 25 ets.

GODETIA HA. A beautiful hardy annual. The plants bloom profusely and bear showy flowers of satiny texture. Do best in rather poor soil and in somewhat shaded situations. Mixed Colors. 1 foot. Pkt. 10 cts.

GOURDS, ORNAMENTAL HAC. Quick-growing vines: curious shapes; useful house ornaments. Easy to grow. 12 feet. Wilson's Special Mixed. Embraces all varieties large and small. Such sorts as Spoon. Warted, Sugartrough, Calabash, etc. Pkt. 10 ets.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath-Angels' Breath).
Free-flowering. Of easiest culture:
Indispensable for cut-flowers. 2 feet.
Elegan: alba ering, pure white. Very superior strain. Pkt.

10 cts

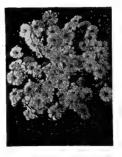
Elegans rosca. Lovely rose. Pkt. Paniculata. HP1. White; fine; 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts. Paniculata. Double white. Pkt. 25 cts.



Gaillardia Picto Double Lorenziana



(Everlasting)



Gypsophila (Baby's Breath) (See Page 21)



Hollyhock (See Page 21)

Remember, Give Your Plants Room to Develop

HELICHRYSUM See Everiasting Flowers.

HELIOTROPE TP. Fine for bedding or cutting. Finest Mixed. Large-flowering. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

HP. One of the most majestic of HOLLYHOCK hardy plants.

DOUBLE MIXED - CHATER'S PRIZE STRAIN. Pkt. 10 ets.

HUNNEMANNIA HA. (Santa Barbara Poppy.)
Bushy plants about 2 feet
high, with striking, feathery, grayish foliage
Bloom continuously from mid-July until frost
The best of all Poppies for cutting: buttercup
yellow, cup-shaped flowers 3 inches across of
10-inch stems. Pkt. 10 cts.

HYACINTH BEAN See Dolichos.

IPOMOEA HAC. Climbers of rapid growth, with beautiful and varied flowers. Soal seed over night. 10 to 15 feet.

Darling. New 1951. Rich wine red, white throat, very showy. Pkt. 10 cts.

Cornell. Rosy crimson, white edge. Pkt. 10 ets. White (I. Mexicana alba grandiflora; Giant White Moonflower). Large, fragrant flowers. 5 to t inches in diameter; open at night and on dull days. Pkt. 10 cts.

Heavenly Blue (Rubra-coerulea). Clark's early Flowers 3½ to 4 inches across, deep blue with white throat. Do not fertilize. Pkt. 10 cts.

Scarlett O'Hara, Carnelian red flowers about 5 inches across. Blooms till frost. Pkt. 10 cts.

Ipomea White Magic, A very early free flower ng white Ipomea, Large fleecy white flowers blending to cream deep in the throat. A glowing companion to Heavenly Blue, Pkt, 10 cts.

Rose Marie Double, Pkt. 25 cts.

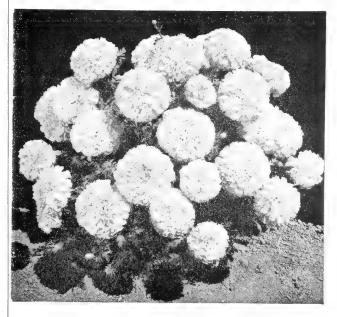
IPOMOEA QUAMOCLIT (Cypress Vine.) HAC Fern-like foliage, star-shaped flowers, Sow in May, 10 to 15 leet.

Scarlet, Pkt. 10 cts.

CHIA (Summer Cypress, or Burning Bush HA. Pyramidal; foliage green, turning to scarlet in the summer and brown in fair 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

LANTANA Hybrids, Finest Mixed. HA. 1½ feet Clusters of verbena-like flowers in shades of yellow orange, red and pink. Minsummer until frost. Pkt. 10 cts.





LARKSPUR HA. 2 to 3 feet. (For hardy or perennial sorts see Delphinium.)

GIANT IMPERIAL - Upright Delphinium Form Sow outdoors in early spring. Especially fine for cutting, as it produces flower stems 3 to 4 feet long, branching from the base of the plant.

Carmine King. The best deep carmine-rose. Pkt

Blue Spire. Intense deep Oxford blue. Pkt. 15 cts. Exquisite Rose. A beautiful shade of rose-pink shaded salmon. Pkt. 15 cts.

Gloria. Rich deep rose. Pkt. 15 cts.

Miss California. Rich pink over salmon. Pkt. 15

Lilac Spire. Lilac; beautiful. Pkt. 15 cts. White Spire. Double; pure white. Pkt. 15 cts. Rosalind. Rose pink. Exquisite. Pkt. 15 cts. Choicest Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

LATHYRUS Latifolius. Everlasting Sweet Pea. HP. A splendid mixture of many colors. Pkt. 10 cts.

LINARIA HAR. Flowers resemble miniature Snap dragons.

Fairy Bouquet Mixed. Excellent for edgings and a perfect gem for the Rock Garden. Pkt. 10 cts.

LOBELIA HAR. For edgings, urns and baskets, requires rich soil and plenty of water.

Crystal Palace compacta. Deep blue; fine for carpet bedding. 4 inches. Pkt. 25 ets.

Deep Blue (L. erinus gracilis). Trailing. 1 foot Pkt. 10 cts.

LUPINUS (Lupine). HP. (Also called Ladies in Green.) Long, graceful spikes of richly colored pea-shaped flowers; piefers a little shade. 2 feet.

Russell. Spikes of the most extraordinary colors —blues, pinks, reds, yellows, etc, Extra select mixture. Pkt. 15 cts.

MIGNONETTE (Reseda). HA. 1 foot. No garden is complete without this sweet-smelling annual. Sowings made from April to June keep up a succession from late summer until frost.

Machet Giant. Red. Pkt. 10 cts.

Sweet-scented. Large-flowered. Pkt. 10 cts.

SEE INSIDE Be Sure To Plant Some Gladiolus -FRONT COVER

MORNING-GLORY HAC. Of the easiest culture can be sown in the open ground in a sunny situation when the weather has become warm.

Crimson Rambler, Large flowers: free bloomer Pkt. 10 cts.

Mixed Imperialis. Pkt. 10 cts.

Mixed Climbing. (Convolvulus major.) Pkt. 10 cts. See also Ipomoea.

MARIGOLDS HA. Succeed best in light soil and sunny exposure.

GIANT AFRICAN, QUILLED TYPE (All Double)

Giant Lemon. 2½ feet. Extra fine. Pkt. 10 cts Giant Orange. 2½ feet. Finest strain procurably Pkt. 10 cts.

Giant Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

GIANT AFRICAN, CARNATION-FLOWERED TYPE

Yellow Supreme. 2 feet. Large blooms with broad frilled petals, rich creamy lemon; long stems Odorless. Pkt. 10 cts.

Guinea Gold. 2 feet. Very large flowers, brilliant orange flushed gold. Pkt. 10 cts.

Sunset Giants (Gigantea). 3½ to 4 feet. Very large flowers, full centered with broad deep petals. Colors range from deep orange to prim rose. Very robust. Pkt. 10 cts.

GIANT AFRICAN—CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED

Glitters. (New 1951.) Sharp yellow flowers, 3 inches across. Bushy, erect plants. Pkt. 25 cts.

Mixed. Identical in form with the lovely incurved Chrysanthemums. The plants are very floriferous and the stems ample for cutting. The colors vary from deep orange to lemon ye!low. Flowers 100% double. Height, 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

MARIGOLD DWARF GIGANTEA

Pot O'Gold. Golden orange. Dwarf and compact 12 to 15 inches high, bearing a dozen largblooms at a time. The flowers are full centered Individual blooms average 4 inches across Splendid for cutting. Blooms continuously. Pkt 10 ets.

FRENCH TALL AND DWARF

Dwarf French Double Striped Royal Scot. 2 to 232 feet. Large, well-formed double flowers. The color is a charming combination of mahogany and gold stripes. Pkt. 10 cts.

Dwarf Double French Butterball. Small canary-yellow, scabiosa-like flowers, 14 inches across with crested centers. Height 8 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.

Naughty Marietta. Dwarf French Single. 2 inch flowers with mahogany base. Pkt. 10 cts.

Wixed Tall Double French. Fine mixture of year low, brown and striped sorts. Good for cutting Pkt. 10 cts.

form to Scabiosa; of good size, with a central deep orange crest, surrounded by a maroon brown collar. Pkt. 10 cts. Harmony All Double.

Spry. 9 inches. Double flowers, each having crested center of light yellow. surrounded flat outer florets of maroon. Pkt. 10 cts. surrounded by

Hat outer norets of maroon. Pkt. 10 cts.

Dwarf Double French. Monarch Strain. 1 food Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Flash. Dwarf Single French. 18 inches. Bloome in 8 weeks from seed and continues all summe and fall. Uniform in habit. Individual flowers 1% inches across. Vivid red through orange and yellow. Valuable for beds, borders and cut flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

Yellow Pygmy. Dwarf yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.

NASTURTIUMS HA

All Packets 10 ets.

TOM THUMB DWARF (1 foot) Special Rainbow Mixture.

TALL, OR TRAILING (18 in. Tall, 5 ft. Trailing) Superb Mxture. All colors and shades.

DOURLE SWEET - SCENTED NASTURTHUMS (SEMI-DWARF).

Golden Gleam. Fire Gleam. Glorious Gleam Mixture.

DOUBLE SWEET-SCENTED NASTURTIUMS (Dwarf or Globular Type)

Dwarf compact habit; holds its compact form even in rainy climates, and is splendid for edg-ing, rock-gardens, or bedding.

Golden Globe. Deep yellow self.

Scarlet Globe, Brilliant.

Globe Type Mixtare. Full color-range.

NEMOPHILA Insignis Blue (Love Grove). HAR. 6 inches. Compact habit; blooms all summer if planted in a cool, shady place, and in not too rich soil. Pkt. 10 cts.

NICOTIANA $_{3}^{\mathrm{HA.}}$ Very showy and free flowering.

Affinis Hybrids. Brilliant colors, including many white. Delightfully fragrant. Showy and profuse. 2½ feet tall. Pkt 10 cts.

SENSATION MIXED

(NEW) EARLY. Flowers stay open longer during the day. Compact 24 to 28 inch plant. Pkt. 25 cts.

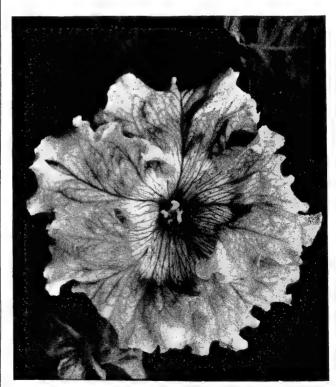
REMBERGIA

Blue Cup Flower. PURPLE ROBE. Attractive violet-blue dense mat, 6 inches high, 1 foot or more across and are covered summer and fall with beautiful cup-shaped flowers, 1 to 1½ inches across. Wonderful for borders, edgings and rock gardens; effective in pots or baskets. Pkt. 25 cts. NIEREMBERGIA

NSIES HA. Seed sown in May will flower during late summer and autumn. For spring flowering, sow in August, and protect young plants in cold-frames or with straw. PANSIES

Improved Swins Glants, Mixed. Flowers of large size with overlapping petals, many brilliant colors, Pkt. 25 cts.

PASSION FLOWER TPC. (Passiflora edulis). Skyblue and white flowers. Fine climber. Pkt. 10 cts.



ENCOURAGE THE BIRDS, for many of them help in your fight against insect pests. We supply a mixture of just the FOOD SEEDS they like. 5 lbs. 90c

PETUNIA HA. One of our most popular annuals of the easiest culture, thriving in al most any soil and blooming all summer. Fine for window boxes,

PETUNIA HYBRIDA NANA COMPACTA — Strong Growing, Free Flowering Plants, Bearing Many Sized Single Flowers. - Strong

Fire Chief. Bright red. Pkt. 25 cts.

Radiance. Cerise rose with salmon undertones. Pkt. 25 cts.

Twinkles. Brilliant rose, starred white. Pkt. 25 cts.

Rosy Morn. Soft carmine-pink, white throat Pkt. 15 cts.

Blue Bird (Violacea). Deep blue; large flowers. Pkt. 15 cts.

Snowball. Pure sating white flowers. Pkt. 15 cts

LARGE FRINGED—THEODOSIA. Bright rosy pink with gold throat, 12 to 15 inches high. Pkt. 25 cts.

BALCONY OR TRAILING (15 inches) PETUNIAS

A splendid large flowering type for window boxes, vases, hanging baskets, etc. The flowers average 3 inches across.

Blue, Violet, Pkt. 25 cts.

Rose. Rose-pink; very effective. Pkt. 25 cts.

White. The pure white form. Pkt. 25 cts.

FANCY SEMI-DWARF LARGE FLOWERS (12-15 inches)

Bright Eyes. A remarkably uniform petunia of dwarf, compact habit. Plants grow 7 to 9 inches tall with light rose-pink flowers with white throat. Pkt. 25 cts.

Cream Star. Creamy white flowers shaped like a five pointed star, deepening toward the throat to bright golden yellow. A splendid bedder Pkt. 25 cts.

Flaming Velvet. Color a rich deep velvety crimson. Outstanding for color, type and uniformity. Pkt. 25 cts.

Peach Red. An extremely colorful dwarf compact petunia. Flowers about 2 inches across, of a warm, peach-red shade. Plants grow 12 inches high. For beds and borders. Pkt. 25 cts.

now White. Snow White produces very dwarf compact plants, covered with dozens of yellow throated glistening paper white flowers. A border or pot plant. Pkt. 25 cts.

Silver Blue (Heavenly Blue). Light blue: extra select. Pkt. 25 cts.

Elks Pride. Deep violet. Large flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

Cheerful. Flowers 2 % inches across; among mass of salmon-pink blooms are some a tint or two lighter than the others. Plants are dwarf growing, 10 inches high; unsurpassed for beds, borders and cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.

PETUNIA MIXTURES

Fine Mixed Colors, Pkt. 10 cts.

Ralcony or Trailing Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

California Giants. Mixed. Tall, enormous flowers. colors unequalled. Pkt. 25 cts.

California Giants, Mixed Dwarf. Pkt. 25 cts.

Many Other Varieties of Petunias in Stock.



PHLOX DRUMMONDII HA. One of the easiest plants to grow from seed. It will thrive in any kind of soil and a sunny position, but prefers light, rich loam. Blooms all summer. Height 15 inches.

LARGE FLOWERING VARIETIES Choice Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

PINKS (Dianthus). HB1, HP and HAR. One of the most beautiful and best-loved flowers.

chinensis, Doub feet. Pkt. 10 cts. Double Mixed (China Pinks). 11/2

HEDDEWIGI, Laciniatus. (Japan Pinks). Large and brilliant: often oddly edged and striped. 1 foot. Pkt. 10 cts.

PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower or Balloon Flower). HPR. Splendid for the perennial border. Height 18 inches. Deep Blue, White. Pkt. 10 cts.

POPPIES Annual Poppies should be sown early and very thinly, preferably in cloudy weather or after a shower. Barely cover the seed and press down firmly. Thin to stand 3 or 4 inches apart. Make sowings at intervals for a succession. 1½ feet.

SHIRLEY POPPIES, HA.

These interesting and lovely flowers, now growing in almost every garden in the world, are called Shirley poppies from the place of their origin, the garden of the late Rev. William Wilkes, for many years vicar of Shirley, England.

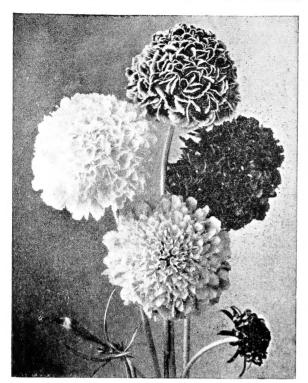
Single Shirley. Choicest strain of seed of this lovely flower. Pkt. 10 cts.

PORTULACA (Sun Plant; Rose Moss). HAR. Of easy culture, thriving best in light loamy soil, and in a sunny situation. Fine for beds, edgings or rockwork.

Single Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts

TRY THE NEW TETRA SNAPS



PYRETHRUM (Persian Daisy). HP. Handsome herbaceous plants of easy culture.

Roseum Hybridum. Double and Single mixed Pkt. 15 cts.

QUEEN ANNE'S LACE See Blue Lace Flower.

RICINUS (Castor-Oil Bean). HA, Ornamental plants, producing subtropical effects. Fine for hedges or fences.

Zanzibariensis. Mixed. Very large leaves, some coppery bronze, changing to green. Pkt. 10 cts.

RUDBECKIA (Coneflower). HA. A free-flowering plant of compact growth forming a a dense bush and blooming profusely. Fine for cutting. 2 feet.

My Joy. Giant Black-eyed Susans. Flowers very large, some over 5 inches in diameter, orange-yellow with rather small cone. Pkt. 10 cts.

SALVIA (Flowering Sage). HA. Easily raised from seed sown in February or March in greenhouse or hotbed. Transfer seedlings to the open garden end of May.

Scarlet Bonfire. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.

Blue Bedder. 2 feet. A new variety of Farinacea: very compact form, of a deep blue shade and flowering very profusely from seed the first year. Pkt. 25 cts.

SALPIGLOSSIS (Painted Tongue). HA. 1½ feet. Beautiful, orchid-like flowers. from early summer until fall; of easy culture. Sow early in spring in a hotbed or window, and transplant after danger of frost is past Finest Colors Mixed, Emperor. Pkt. 10 cts.

SCABIOSA (Pin-Cushion Flower). HA. Seed can be sown as soon as danger from frost is past. Growing about 2½ feet high, they bloom from July to hard frosts. Pkt. 10 cts.

Blue Moon. Deep lavender blue. Flowers made up of broad heavy petals without the pin-cushion center.

Flack Prince. Velvety black-purple. Mixed. All colors.

SCARLET RUNNER BEANS HAC. An ornamental vine, about 16 feet tall; dazzling scarlet flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.

GIANT SNAPDRAGONS Rust-Resistant (Antirrbinum maximum). 2½

feet. All 10 cts Pkt.

The plants of Rust-Resistant Snapdragons are base branching, very free flowering, each producing 8 to 18 long, graceful spikes. The flowers are large and the foliage is clear healthy and free from rust.

Alaska. Large creamy white. The plants free flowering.

Loveliness. Pure soft rose-pink, huge flowers.

Red Cross. Deep, rich crimson with glistening white tubes.

Canary Bird. Pure deep golden yellow. Immense blooms.

Copper King.

Velvet Giant. Dark red.

Mixed.

Tom Thumb-Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

TETRAPLOID

Rose. Pkt. 25 cts.

Yellow. Clear yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.

Orchid. Rich orchid purple with yellow blotch. Pkt. 25 cts.

Mixed. Dense spikes of immense flowers in a mixture of very unusual colors. Pkt. 25 cts,

STATICE (Sea Lavender Everlasting). HA. Produces all .summer panieles of small flowers which can be dried for winter bouquets.

Mixed New Art Shades. Pkt. 10 cts.

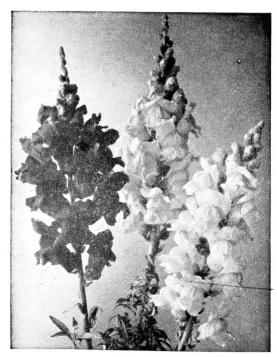
SNOW ON THE MOUNTAIN See Euphorbia.

STRAWFLOWER See Everlasting Flowers.

STOCKS HA. Easily grown. Of splendid pyramidal growth, freely branching, giving an abundace of large-spikes of double flowers from summer until fall. 2 feet.

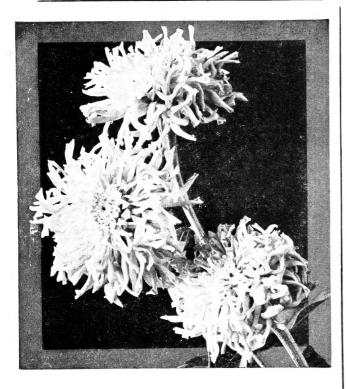
All Packets 10 ets.

White, Silvery Lilac, Light Blue, Canary Yellow, Flesh Color, Coppery Red, Violet and Mixed Colors.



Giant Snapdragon

Perennials - Easy to Grow. See Back Cover!



SUNFLOWERS (Helianthus) HA.

LARGE-FLOWERED TALL

Russian Mammoth. Single, Pkt. 10 cts.

MINIATURE-FLOWERED SINGLE

Spreading bushes with graceful foliage and elegantly formed flowers borne for a long time in succession; invaluable as cut-flowers.

ella. Petals rolled, resembling Single Cactus Dahlia. Yellow, dark center. Pkt. 10 cts.

SWEET PEAS GIANT RUFFLED SPENCERS.
A new type, distinct, beautiful ruffled, imparting a double appearance.

RUFFLED MIXED. Pkt. 10 ets. CUTHBERTSON EARLY.

Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 ets.

SWEET WILLIAM (London Tufts; Dianthus barbatus). HP. Well-known, attractive, hardy perennials. It is better to raise new plants from seed every season.

Giant White. Pkt. 10 cts. Newport Pink, Pkt. 10 cts. Scarlet Beauty. Pkt. 10 cts. Double Mixed. Very fine. Pkt. 15 cts. Single Choice Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

TITHONIA TORCH

A quick growing summer annual that thrives on hot weather, easy to grow as a Zinnia. Brilliant orange-scarlet flowers resembling a single Dahlia borne on long stout stems on a compact plant waist high. A cutflower for garden use; blooms cut in the bud, will open the ways and lost gargent days. in water and last several days. August until frost. Subject to no pests or diseases. Cultural directions same as for Zinnias. Pkt. 25 cts.

VERBENA HA. 1 foot. One of the finest bedding and border plants.

Mammoth Strain. (Gigantea). Enormous flowers. The individual blooms measure an inch in diameter. The plants branch freely. All Pkts. 10 cts.

Royale. Dark Blue.

Lucifer. The most vivid scarlet imaginable.

White. Pure white flowers of giant size.

Luminosa. Luminous flame-pink flowers. Showy

Spectrum Red. Intense bright crimson.

Mixed Colors, Extra.

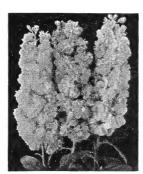
VINCA (Periwinkle). HA. Of easy cultivation. Fine for pots and bedding. Stands shade.

Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.

VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted Pansy) HPR. Very hardy. Fine for edging or for the Rock Garden. 6 inches.

Mixed Extra Fine. A special blend of bright, gay colors; many blotched. Pkt. 25 cts.

VISCARIA HA. Very showy garden annual, producing freely throughout the summer large single flowers in red, white and blue shades. Pkt. 10 cts.



Stocks Giant Perfection



Verbena



Vinca Rosea



Viola Cornuta



Hardy Perennial Plants

The perennial bed or border is truly a "thing of beauty and a joy forever." What home planting is complete without these bright colored flowers? Even if one cannot afford an extensive planting a small selection will contribute a luxuriance of bloom. Plant perennials for permanent beauty and for cutting. Plants suitable for Borders are marked "B"; Border and Cutting "B-C"; Cutting "C"; Rock Garden "R"; Border and Rockery "B-R"; Best Location "L"; Month—season of Blooming.

B-C

B-R

- **DORONICUM (Leopard's Bane).** Caucasicum. Bright yellow flowers. 18 in. L: any, sunny May -June GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). Grandifora. In variety. 1½ to 2 ft. L: rich, sunny—June-Oct. Grandi-GEUM, In variety. 18 in. L: rich, sunny-GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath). Brist Fairy Double white sprays of flowers. 3 ft. L: well drained, sunny—June-October. \mathbf{C} Bristol HELENIUM (Sneezewort). Autumnale. Ye low to bronze. 4 to 5 ft. L: rich, sunny July-Oct. B-C HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily). In variety. Yellow, bronze, orange. 1½ to 3 ft. L: any, damp—May-August. B-C HEUCHERA (Coral Bells). Pink and red. 1½ to 2 ft. L: rich, sunny—June-Sept. HOLLYHOCK. Double flowering in separate colors, 5 to 6 ft. L: fertile loam, sunny—July August \mathbf{B} \mathbf{B} July-August. B-R IBERIS (Candytuft). Hardy. White to lilac. 6 to 12 in. L: well drained, sunny—Apr.-June. LIATRIS (Gay Feather), Pycnostachia, Rosy purple flowers, 4 to 5 ft. L: moist—Aug. LINUM (Blue Flax), Perenne, Dainty light blue flowers, 18 in. L: any, sunny—June-Oct. LOBELIA (Cardinal Flower), Cardinalis, Spikes of flery scarlet flowers, 2 to 3 ft. L: moist, partial shade—Aug.-Sept. $\mathbf{C}^{!}$
- ALYSSUM (Basket of Gold). Saxatile Comp. B-R Masses of bright yellow flowers. 10 in. L: sunny-dry—June.
- ARMERIA (Sea Pink). Laucheana. Rosy-red. 3 to 6 in. L: sunny—May-Sept. \mathbf{R}
- AQUILEGIA (Columbine). In variety. 13 ft. L: well drained, sunny—June-Sept. B-R
- ASTERS (Alpine Asters). Alpina. 6 to 8 in. L: well drained, sunny—July-August. \mathbf{R}
- ANCHUSA (Bugloss). Dropmore variety. Tall spikes, blue flowers; 4 to 5 ft. L: moist. sunny—June-August.
- B-R ARABIS (Rock Cress). Pure white flowers in abundance. 9 in. L: dry, sunny—April-June.
- AUBRETIA (Purple Rock Cress). Rosy lilac. 6 in. L: dry, sunny; light shade—April-May. R
- CAMPANULA (Bellflower). Carpatica. Dark blue. 9 in. L: rich, sunny—June-October. B-R
- CAMPANULA (Cup and Saucer). Calycanthema-Canterbury Bells. Blue white or rose. 2 ft. L: rich, sunny—June-August.
- CERASTIUM (Snow in Summer). Silvery white foliage, snow white flowers. 6 in. L: well drained, sunny—June-July. B-R
- CHRYSANTHEMUM. In variety. A height 2 ft. L: rich, sunny—July-Nov B-C Average
- COREOPSIS (Tickseed). Bright yellow flowers. 2 ft. L: any-sunny—June-Sept. B-C
- DELPHINIUM. In variety. 3 to 4 ft. L: rich, deep soil; light shade—June and Sept.

 DELPHINIUM. Chinensis; blue. 12 to 18 in.
 L: rich, light shade—June and Sept. B-C
- R-C
- B-C-R **DIANTHUS** (Garden Pinks). In variety. 3 to 8 in. L: fertile, shady—June-Sept. **DIANTHUS BARBATUS**—See Sweet William.
- **DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant).** Fraxinella. Rose purple flowers. 2 to 3 ft. L: rich, sunny purple flog
- **DIGITALIS** (Foxglove). Gloxinaeflora, Pink, white purple. 3 ft. L: half shade—June-July. B-C

- LUPINUS (Lupines). Polyphyllus. Separate colors. 2 to 3 ft. L: rich, partial shade, moist —June-Aug. C-B B-C
- LYCHNIS (Maltese Cross). Chalcedonica. Vivid scarlet flowers. 3 ft. L: light, sunny—June. LYCHNIS
- MERTENSIA (Va. Blue Bells). Virginica. Blue fading to pink. 18 in. L: shady, moist -Мау.
- MONARDA (Bee Balm). Didyma. Crimson. 2-3 ft. L: rich, sunny—July-Aug. B-C
- MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not). Palustris. Deep blue. 9 in. L: partial shade, moist—June. \mathbf{R}
- PHLOX. In variety and color. 6 in. to 3 ft. L: deep, rich, sunny—April to Sept.

 PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower). Grandi-
- PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower). Grandiflora. Blue, white and double blue. 2 to 3 ft. L: rich. sunny—June-Sept.
- PLUMBAGO (Leadwort). Larpentae. Deep blue flowers. 6 to 8 in. L: turfy soil, some B-R sand—July-Oct.
- B-CPYRETHRUM (Painted Dalsy). In variety and color, 18 in, to 2 ft. L: rich, sunny—May-July.
- SCABIOSA (Pin Cushion Flower). Caucasica. Lilac blue. 2 ft. L: rich, sunny, well drained -June-Sept.
 - **SEDUM.** In variety. 3 to 12 in. L: sunny, sandy, dry—June-Sept.
- B-C
- SPIRAEA (Astilbe). In variety. Bushy habit. 1½ to 3 ft. L: any, sunny—June-July. STOKESIA (Stoke's Aster). Cyanea. Lavender-white. 1½ to 2 ft. L: sunny, well drained -June-Sept
- SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus). In variety and color, 12 to 18 in. L: rich, partial shade—June-Aug.
- TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker). Rich orange-scarlet, 2 to 3 ft. L: any, sunny—Aug.-Oct.
 TUNICA (Goat Flower). (Saxifraga). Pink.
 6 in. L: dry. sunny—June-Sept.
- R-C VERONICA (Speedwell). In variety. Flowers blue. 3 in. to 2 ft. L: rich, sunny-June-Sept.
- B-R VIOLA. In variety—separate colors. 6 to 9 in. L: any, light shade—April-Oct.

Phone: Montclair 2-2433

WILSON'S SEEDS

284-286 Bloomfield Avenue -:- Montclair, N. J.